IN THE CLAIMS

1.    (Original) A content addressable memory (CAM), comprising:

a first set of CAM locations coupled to store a first set of values;

a second set of CAM locations coupled to store a second set of values equal to the first set of values;

a comparator coupled to compare a search key value against the first and second set of values and report an error if a first location within the first set of CAM locations that produces a match is different from a first location within the second set of CAM locations that produces a match.

2.    (Original) The CAM as recited in claim 1, wherein the search key value comprises a destination address within a packet of information.

3.    (Original) The CAM as recited in claim 1, further comprising a plurality of priority encoders that provide a priority order by which the first and second sets of values within the respective first and second sets of CAM locations is compared against the search key value relative to other sets of values in other locations within the first and second sets of CAM locations.

4.    (Original) The CAM as recited in claim 1, further comprising a third set of CAM locations coupled to store a non-duplicative third set of binary values dissimilar from the first and second set of Values, and the combination of first, second and third sets of CAM locations encompasses the entirety of locations within the CAM.

5.    (Original) The CAM as recited in claim 1, further comprising one or more error detection encoded bits corresponding to each of the first and second sets of values.

6.	(Original) The CAM as recited in claim 5, further comprising an error location circuit coupled to:

check the first and second sets of values using the error detection encoded bits to determine which one of the first or second sets of values is in error;

record, as a result of the check, whether the error is within the first set of values, the second set of values, both the first and second sets of values; and

record, as a result of the check, the index value corresponding to the set of values that is not in error.

7.	(Original) The CAM as recited in claim 6, further comprising an error correction circuit coupled to (i) receive the set of values within the second set of CAM locations and at the same index value as the first set of values; and (ii) write the set of values into the first set of values if the error is within first set of values.

8.	(Original) The CAM as recited in claim 6, further comprising an error correction circuit coupled to (i) receive a set of values within the first set of CAM locations at the same index value as the second set of values, and (ii) write the set of values into the second set of values if the error is within the second set of values.

9.	(Original) The CAM as recited in claim 6, further comprising an error correction circuit coupled to (i) receive an index value corresponding to the set of values not in error within the first set of CAM locations; (ii) receive an index value corresponding to the set of values not in error within the second set of CAM locations, and (iii) select an index value based on a priority order by which the sets of values within the first and second sets of CAM locations are compared against the search key value relative to other sets of values within the first and second set of CAM locations.

10.	(Original) The CAM as recited in claim 6 further comprising an error correction circuit coupled to signal a con-correctable error if the error is in both the first and second sets of values.

11.	(Original)A content addressable memory (CAM), comprising:

a first set of CAM locations coupled to store a first set of values;

a second set of CAM locations coupled to store a second set of values equal to the first set of values;

a match suppression bit associated with both the first set of values and the second set of values; and

a comparator coupled to compare a search key value against the first and second sets of values and report an error if a first location within the first set of CAM locations that produces a match is different from a first location within the second set of CAM locations that produces a match, regardless of whether the match suppression bit is a set.

12. (Original)The CAM as recited in claim 11, further comprising a read logic circuit coupled to keep track of the first location within either the first set of CAM locations or the second set of CAM locations in which the match occurs if the match suppression bit is set at that location.

13. (Original)The CAM as recited in claim 12, further comprising:

one or more error detection encoded bits corresponding to each of the first and second sets of values; and

an error location circuit coupled to check the first and second sets of values using the error detection encoded bits and to record, as a result of the check, whether the error is within the first set of values, the second set of values, or both.

14. (Original)The CAM as recited in claim 13, wherein the error location circuit is coupled to perform the check for the corresponding sets of values in the opposing first and second sets of CAM locations corresponding to the same index as the first and

second sets of values and to record, as a result of the compare, where the error exists within the set of values.

15.     (Original)The CAM as recited in claim 14, further comprising an error correction circuit coupled to (i) receive the set of values within the second set of CAM locations and at the same index value as the first set of values; and (ii) write the set of values into the first set of values if the error is within the first set of values.

16.     (Original) The CAM as recited in claim 14, further comprising an error correction circuit coupled to (i) receive the set of values within the first set of CAM locations at the same index value as the second set of values; and (ii) write the set of values into the second set of values if the error is within the second set of values.

17. (Currently Amended) A content addressable memory (CAM), comprising:

a first block of CAM locations coupled to store a first set of values;

a second block of CAM locations coupled to store a second set of values; and

an input control circuit coupled to the first and second blocks of CAM locations that
selects if whether the first and second sets of values are to be duplicative of each
other.

18. (Currently Amended) The CAM as recited in claim 17, further comprising an
output control circuit coupled to:

receive a signal from the input control circuit indicating if whether the first and second
sets of values in the respective first and second blocks of CAM locations are
duplicative of each other or not; and

select a first set of values from the first block of CAM locations, a second set of values
from the second block of CAM locations, or both the first and second sets of
values from the respective first and second blocks of CAM locations.

19. (Original) The CAM as recited in claim 18, wherein the output control circuit
provides a priority order by which the first set of values from the first block of CAM
locations and the second set of values from the second block of CAM locations are
compared against a search key value relative to other sets of values within the first and
second blocks of CAM locations.

20. (Original)The CAM as recited in claim 18, further comprising an error location
circuit coupled to compare a search key value against the first and second sets of values
and report an error if a first location within the first block of CAM locations that

produces a match is different from a first location within the second block of CAM locations that produces a match.

21. (Currently Amended) The CAM as recited in claim 18, further comprising a plurality of CAM block pairs, ~~whereby~~ wherein each pair is coupled to operate independent of other CAM block pairs.

22. (Original) A method for correcting errors within a content addressable memory (CAM), comprising:

searching for matches between a key and duplicative sets of values within respective first and second sets of CAM locations;

recording the first location within the first set of CAM locations and the first location within the second set of CAM locations produces a match; and

generating an error if the first location within the first set of CAM locations is at a different index than the first location within the second set of CAM locations.

23. (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising:

checking the first and second sets of values using one or more error detection encoding bits to determine which one of the first or second sets of values is in error; and

depending on the outcome of said checking, recording which of the duplicative sets of values is in error.

24. (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising:

copying over one of the duplicative sets of values within the first set of CAM locations having a recorded error from a set of values within the second set of CAM locations and having the same index as the first set of CAM locations if there was no error recorded at an index in the second set.

25.    (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising:

copying over one of the duplicative sets of values within the second set of CAM locations having a recorded error from a set of values within the first set of CAM locations and having the same index as the second set of CAM locations if there was no error recorded in an index in the first set.

26.    (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising:
detecting whether a hit suppression bit is set in the first location within the first and second set of CAM locations that produces a match.

27.    (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising allowing a scan operation to occur in parallel with said searching and recording to enhance reliability within the CAM.

28.    (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising allowing a parity or error detection scan operation to occur in parallel with said searching and recording to capture errors within both the first and second sets of CAM locations.

29.    (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising configuring the first and second sets of CAM locations to selectively store duplicative values.

30.    (Original) The method as recited in claim 22, further comprising selecting a single search result from the combined first and second sets of CAM locations, or selecting a first search result from the first set of CAM locations and a second search result from the second set of CAM locations.